IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE DISTRICT OF PUERTO RICO

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA,

Plaintiff,

v.

CRIMINAL NO. 25-077 (RAM)

JONATHAN ALOMAR-REYES,

Defendant.

RULE 5(F) ORDER FOR DISCLOSURE OF EXCULPATORY EVIDENCE

Pursuant to Fed. R. Crim. P. 5(f), as amended, the Government is reminded of its continuous obligation to disclose **all material exculpatory evidence** in accordance with <u>Brady v. Maryland</u>, 373 U.S. 83 (1963), and its progeny. *See also* the Due Process Protection Act, S. 1380, Pub. L. No. 116-182.

The suppression of "evidence favorable to an accused [...] violates due process irrespective of the good or bad faith of the prosecution." Brady, 373 U.S. at 87. Further, the failure to comply with disclosures may result in sanctions, disciplinary proceedings, the exclusion of evidence and the reversal of a conviction.

IT IS SO ORDERED.

In San Juan Puerto Rico, this 24th day of February 2025.

S/ RAÚL M. ARIAS-MARXUACH United States District Judge